

1. A Bill to Eliminate Zoning Policies for Fair Housing

1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2. **SECTION 1.** All single-family zoning laws are hereby illegal. All municipalities must approve requests to

3. add an additional housing unit to any plot of land currently containing only one.

4. Municipalities are strongly encouraged to allow more than two units on single plots as well.

5. **SECTION 2.** Single-family zoning is a form of exclusionary zoning that prohibits any other

6. residential housing except for detached, single-family homes.

7. **SECTION 3.** This legislation shall be overseen by the Department of Housing and Urban

8. Development (HUD).

9. **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on November 1, 2023. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

3. A Resolution to End Qualified Immunity

1. **WHEREAS**, Qualified immunity is a legal doctrine that protects law enforcement officers from
2. being sued in their personal capacity or being held personally liable for violations of
3. the Constitution; and
4. **WHEREAS**, Qualified immunity permits government officials and law enforcement to violate
5. people's constitutional rights and deprive people of their civil rights with little to no legal recourse;
6. and
7. **WHEREAS**, Qualified immunity makes it nearly impossible for victims of abuse or civil rights
8. violations performed by law enforcement to prosecute the officer in a court of law; and
9. **WHEREAS**, Qualified immunity is often used to dismiss police brutality cases, particularly
10. against people of color; now, therefore, be it
11. **RESOLVED**, By the Congress here assembled that the United States pass the Ending Qualified
12. Immunity Act in order to provide for accountability when public officials violate
13. Americans' constitutional rights.

5. A Bill to Invest in Kenya to Extract Rare Earth Elements

1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2. SECTION 1. A. The United States shall grant Kenya annual economic aid of \$1 billion, in exchange
3. for benefits for U.S. companies and partnerships in the rare earth element industry with
4. local Kenyan miners.
5. A. This will reinforce the U.S. national security mission to diversify its rare earth elements
6. supply chains while developing the Kenyan economy.
7. SECTION 2. A. The economic aid shall be used to subsidize local Kenyan businesses as part of
8. bottom-up economic stabilization programs. Additionally, some portion of the aid will be
9. directed toward infrastructure improvement and construction of facilities.
10. B. In return, U.S. companies shall receive priority access to partnership opportunities with
11. local miners, in that U.S.-offered contracts shall take precedence over business
12. opportunities from other foreign countries.
13. C. U.S. companies shall receive full approval from the Kenyan government to build
14. infrastructure for mining and processing facilities on local land.
15. SECTION 3. The U.S. Department of Defense and the U.S. Agency for International Development
16. will work in conjunction to implement this legislation.
17. SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on FY 2024.
18. SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

11. A Bill to Prevent Employers from Accessing Digital Footprint

1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2. SECTION 1. Employers will be prohibited from checking applicant and employee digital
3. footprints.
4. SECTION 2. Digital footprint shall be defined as the information about a particular person that
5. exists on the internet as a result of their online activity (social media profiles, personal emails,
6. etc.). Employer shall be defined as an individual or an organization in the government, private,
7. nonprofit, or business sector that hires and pays people for their work.
8. B. Background Checks (defined as a process a person or company uses to verify that an
9. individual is who they claim to be, to check and confirm the validity of someone's criminal
10. record, education, and employment history) are not included in the jurisdiction of this
11. legislation.
12. SECTION 3. The United States Department of Labor will oversee the enforcement and
13. implementation of this legislation.
14. A. Any employer found to be in violation of this legislation will be fined \$5,000 for the first
15. violation, \$10,000 for the second, and \$10,000 on top of the previous fine for each violation
16. after.
17. B. Any employer found in violation more than five times will be tried in a municipal court.
18. SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2024. All laws in conflict with this
19. legislation are hereby declared null and void.